

Title:	Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) update and Executive Summary 2019	
Date of Meeting:	29 January 2019	
Report of:	Executive Director, Health & Adult Social Care	
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Wards Affected:	All	

FOR GENERAL RELEASE

Executive Summary

Since April 2013, local authorities and CCGs have had equal and explicit obligations to prepare a Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) which provides a comprehensive analysis of current and future needs of local people, and is used to inform commissioning of services that will improve outcomes and reduce inequalities.

This duty is discharged by the Health & Wellbeing Board and overseen by the City Needs Assessment Steering Group.

This paper provides an update on the JSNA programme and the 2019 JSNA executive summary for approval by the Board

Glossary of Terms

JSNA – Joint Strategic Needs Assessment JHWS – Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy

1. Decisions, recommendations and any options

1.1 That the Board approve the 2019 JSNA summary for publication, as set out in section 2 and provided in Appendix 1 and that the summary be updated quarterly rather than annually.



2. Relevant information

- 2.1 Needs assessments provide a comprehensive analysis of current and future needs of local people to inform commissioners and providers how they can improve outcomes and reduce inequalities. They also ensure relevant strategies, including the Joint Health & Wellbeing Strategy, are based upon high quality evidence, and have been used as a valuable resource for community and voluntary sector organisations (for example in making external funding bids).
- 2.2 Evidence within needs assessments usually includes local demographic and service data; evidence from the public, patients, carers, service users and professionals; and national research and best practice. These elements are brought together to identify unmet needs, inequalities and overprovision of services. They also inform commissioners and providers how they can improve outcomes for local people.
- 2.3 The JSNA is delivered by a city wide partnership approach. The programme is overseen by the City Needs Assessment Steering Group, which includes representatives from the council's Public Health, Adult Social Care, Families Children and Learning, Housing, Policy and Communities Equality & Third Sector teams; the CCG; HealthWatch; Community Works; Sussex Police and the two universities.
- 2.4 The programme has three elements:
- **Overarching resources:** Including the JSNA summaries, data snapshots, survey briefings and Annual Reports of the Director of Public Health. The 2019 executive summary is being presented to the Board for approval. The summary sections are moving to more infographic and interactive content as agreed in the plan to the Board in 2017.
- **Rolling programme of in-depth needs assessments** on a specific theme or population group. The 2018/19 programme, approved by the Board in 2018, includes Adults with multiple long-term conditions (to be signed off March 2019) and Adults with multiple complex needs (underway).
- **Community Insight**, an online resource providing a wide range of data mapped at small area level across the city as well as up to date reports for these areas.
- All resources described above are accessible via the Local Intelligence website (<u>http://www.bhconnected.org.uk/content/local-intelligence</u>) the Strategic Partnership data and information resource for those living and working in Brighton & Hove.
- 2.5 The JSNA programme supports commissioners across the city in considering these issues in policy, commissioning and delivering services.



2.6 JSNA summary 2019

- 2.7 An overarching short summary of the Brighton & Hove population, and its needs, is provided in Appendix 1 and presented for approval by the Board.
- 2.8 It has been approved by the City Needs Assessment Steering Group, the Health and Adult Social Care Directorate Management Team and the CCG Governing Body.
- 2.9 The summary sets out a snapshot the key health and wellbeing issues for the city, across the life course, which include:
- Wider determinants which have greatest impact on health and wellbeing include housing and homelessness, good employment, educational attainment for disadvantaged groups.
- **Starting well**: Whilst we do well in many areas for younger children (with the exception of immunisation rates), emotional wellbeing and associated high levels of risk taking behaviours (smoking, alcohol and drugs and sexual health) in young people are key issues in the city.
- **Living well:** Smoking, alcohol and drugs misuse and sexual health are significant issues in the city. We also have higher than average levels of mental health issues and suicides. Cancer is the main cause of death in the city however cancer screening rates are low.
- **Ageing well:** We have a higher proportion of older people living alone and a higher proportion is income deprived. Dementia, sight loss and falls are significant issues in the city for older people and our flu immunisation rates are low compared with other areas.
- **Multiple long-term conditions and burden of disease:** More than one in five adults have multiple long-term conditions, but they account for over four in every five emergency admissions to hospital. Locally, conditions with the greatest burden are cancers, musculoskeletal conditions, heart condition, neurological conditions (including dementia) and mental health.
- **Inequalities across the life course:** There are significant inequalities seen across the life course in the city, with life expectancy and healthy life expectancy varying greatly between the least and most deprived.
- 2.10 The format of the summary has changed to be more visual, with a more interactive online version https://infogram.com/bandh-jsna-exec-summary-1hnp271r1nry2gq?live. In both versions, users can click on the icons to link to trend data, where available. The summary will in future be automated to update to the most currently published data. In the interim it will be updated quarterly by the Public Health Intelligence team in line with updates of the Public Health Outcomes Framework tool from Public Health England.
- 2.11 The evidence from the JSNA, and these key areas for improvement, are prioritised within the Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy.



3. Important considerations and implications

Legal:

3.1 The Health and Social Care Act 2012 (s196) requires the function of preparing a JSNA to be discharged by the Health and Wellbeing Board. Specifically, from April 2013, local authorities and Clinical Commissioning Groups have equal and explicit obligations to prepare a Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) which provides a comprehensive analysis of current and future needs of local people to inform commissioning of services that will improve outcomes and reduce inequalities

Lawyer consulted: Liz Culbert

Date: 17/01/19

3.2 Finance:

The resources required to support the production of the JSNA are funded from the general public health programme budget and are reflected within the service and financial plans for public health. The JSNA provides the needs assessment for the city which will help inform any future commissioning and delivery plans.

Finance Officer consulted: Sophie Warburton Date: 17/01/19

3.1 Equalities:

Needs assessments consider specific needs of groups with protected characteristics. The JSNA is a key data source to inform action to improve outcomes in all groups and meet the public sector equality duty (including Equality Impact Assessments).

3.2 Sustainability:

No implications: Sustainability related issues are important determinants of health & wellbeing and these are integrated in the summary. The JSNA will support commissioners to consider sustainability issues

3.3 Health, social care, children's services and public health:

The JSNA summary sets out the key health and wellbeing and inequalities issues for the city and so supports commissioners across the city in considering these issues in policy, commissioning & delivering services.



3.4 Families, Children and Learning, Health and Adult Social Care and the CCG are part of the City Needs Assessment Steering Group which agreed the suggested needs assessments for 2018/19, the JSNA 2019 summary and the programme for JSNA development.

Supporting documents and information

Appendix 1 : Joint Strategic Needs Assessment Summary 2019

